| Local Code of Corporate Governance   | Supporting Evidence   |
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| 1. Behaving with integrity, demonstrating  | strong commitment to ethical values, and  |
| respecting the rule of law.<br>1.1 Behaving with Integrity   |   |
| Ensuring members and officers behave<br>with integrity and lead a culture where<br>acting in the public interest is visibly and<br>consistently demonstrated thereby<br>protecting the reputation of the<br>organization                                   | The Council has Codes of Conduct for both<br>Members and Officers. The Member code is<br>founded upon the seven Principles of Public<br>Life (the Nolan Principles). The members<br>Code of Conduct was reviewed on a Kent-<br>wide basis in 2021/22 and the Council<br>adopted the amended Kent code on 27 <sup>th</sup> April<br>2022.  |
|  | The Members code is enforced (where<br>necessary) through the Council's Joint<br>Standards Committee. The Officer code is<br>enforced (where necessary) through<br>disciplinary procedures.   |
|  | <ul> <li>In addition the Council has:</li> <li>An Equalities Policy <ul> <li>a protocol for member/ officer relations</li> </ul> </li> <li>A Declaration of Interest Register for Members and for staff</li> <li>A Register of Gifts and Hospitality offered to Members and staff</li> <li>Financial Procedure Rules</li> <li>Contracts Procedure Rules</li> <li>A publicised complaints procedure</li> <li>A fraud-aware culture, and an anti-fraud and corruption policy which is reviewed and updated annually.</li> </ul>   |
| Ensuring members take the lead in<br>establishing specific standard operating<br>principles or values for the organization and<br>its staff and that they are communicated<br>and understood. These should build on the<br>Seven Principles of Public Life | The Council's constitution sets out clearly the<br>standard operating procedures, and any<br>delegation of responsibility from Council (and<br>Cabinet) and the decision making powers of the<br>Council,, Cabinet members, cabinet and the<br>committees of the Council and the executive.<br>The Council's Cabinet and Overview and<br>Scrutiny Committee have established a Cabinet/<br>Scrutiny protocol which sets out the<br>expectations that each body has of the other.<br>The Seven Principles of Public Life are<br>embedded within the Constitution and form part<br>of the Members' Code of Conduct. |
| Demonstrating, communicating and<br>embedding the standard operating<br>principles or values through appropriate   | The Council's constitution clearly sets out the process for holding the executive to account through a system of reporting to the Council's   |

| policies and processes which are reviewed<br>on a regular basis to ensure that they are<br>operating effectively | Overview & Scrutiny committee and the Scrutiny Select Committees.   |
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|  | The Council has a Corporate Strategy for 2020-<br>2023 which sets out an overarching vision for<br>the Council. Following the Council's Peer<br>Review Challenge 2022, the Council is due to<br>reviewhas reviewed its strategic aims, with a<br>view to producing a revised Corporate Strategy<br>in 2022 for the period 2023-25 submitted to full<br>Council in July 2023   |
|  | The Council ishas also in the process of<br>developing-revised its improved internal<br>communications processes in light of<br>recommendations made by the Peer Review<br>team. A new post of internal communications<br>officer has been created and a member of staff<br>appointed in February 2023.   |
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| 1.2 Demonstrating Strong Commitment to E   | thical Values   |
| Seeking to establish, monitor and maintain<br>the organisation's ethical standards and<br>performance            | The Council has a number of policies and<br>Codes which officers and members are<br>expected to adhere to:  |
|  | <ul> <li>A Code of Conduct for Members and<br/>Officers</li> <li>An Equalities Policy</li> <li>A Declaration of Interest Register for<br/>Members and for staff</li> <li>A Register of Gifts and Hospitality<br/>offered to Members and staff</li> <li>Financial Procedure Rules</li> <li>Contracts Procedure Rules</li> <li>an anti-fraud and corruption policy</li> <li>a Standards Committee to promote<br/>and maintain high standards of<br/>conduct by Members</li> </ul> |
| Underpinning personal behaviour with ethical values and ensuring they permeate                                   | The Code of Conduct for Members is enforced through the Standards process.  |

| all aspects of the organisation's culture and operation   | Where members of staff depart from the officer<br>Code of Conduct or other policies, these may be<br>enforced through disciplinary measures.<br>The Monitoring Officer and Deputy Monitoring<br>Officer are available to provide advice to Members<br>and staff on all aspects of standards of conduct and<br>lawful and ethical behaviour.<br>Professional officers are also accountable to their<br>respective professional bodies and any applicable<br>Codes of Conduct.   |
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| Developing and maintaining robust policies<br>and procedures which place emphasis on<br>agreed ethical values   | <ul> <li>The Council has robust arrangements in place to ensure that it does the right things, for the right people in a timely, inclusive, open, honest and accountable manner. These are monitored and publicized through:</li> <li>The Council's performance reporting arrangements</li> <li>Procedures for recruitment and training</li> <li>Decision making practices (including requirements for the publication of officer decisions)</li> <li>publication of decisions and committee meeting minutes</li> <li>Data transparency arrangements, such as the Council's Publication Scheme under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and data published in accordance with the Local Government Transparency Code</li> </ul> |
| Ensuring that external providers of services<br>on behalf of the organization are required to<br>act with integrity and in compliance with<br>ethical standards expected by the<br>organisation | The Council's Contracts Procedure Rules require<br>standard terms to be included in all contracts,<br>including provisions relating to bribery, equalities<br>and fraud.   |
| 1.3 Respecting the Rule of Law  |  |
| Ensuring members of staff demonstrate a strong commitment to the rule of law as well as adhering to relevant laws and regulations   |  |

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|  | Training is provided to new members of staff<br>appropriate to their roles, and ongoing<br>training (particularly in relation to regulatory<br>functions) is also provided on both an ad<br>hoc and programmed basis.  |
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|  | This is underpinned by a series of policies<br>and processes to ensure that staff adhere to<br>legal requirements including:   |
|  | <ul> <li>a Code of Conduct for Members and<br/>Officers</li> <li>A Declaration of Interest Register for<br/>Members and for staff</li> <li>A Register of Gifts and Hospitality<br/>offered to Members and staff</li> <li>Financial Procedure Rules</li> <li>Contracts Procedure Rules</li> <li>an anti-fraud and corruption policy</li> </ul>  |
| Creating the conditions to ensure that the<br>statutory officers, other key post holders and<br>members are able to fulfil their<br>responsibilities in accordance with legislative<br>and regulatory requirements | Training is provided to new members upon<br>election, and ongoing training (in particularly<br>in relation to regulatory functions) is also<br>provided on both an ad hoc and<br>programmed basis.   |
|  | The Council's Monitoring Officer (the<br>Director of Central Services & Deputy Chief<br>Executive) and Deputy Monitoring Officer<br>(the Head of Legal & Democratic Services),<br>both of whom are qualified Solicitors with<br>current practising certificates are<br>responsible for ensuring that the Council<br>acts in accordance with the law and that<br>decisions made by the Council, however<br>made, are made lawfully. |
|  | The Council has appointed Deputies to each<br>of the statutory officer posts to ensure<br>resilience and also to ensure that those<br>officers can act in the event of a conflict of<br>interest arising.  |
| Striving to optimize the use of the full<br>powers available for the benefit of citizens,<br>communities and other stakeholders  | All departments are encouraged to work<br>closely with the Council's legal team and<br>where necessary to consult the Monitoring<br>Officer to ensure that the most effective use<br>is made of the Council's powers.  |
|  | Legal staff receive regular training and<br>updates when new powers become<br>available to the Council.  |

|  | The Council also strives to utilise its statutory<br>powers to work in the public interest and to<br>the full benefit of its citizens, particularly in<br>relation to regulatory activity.  |
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|  | All committee reports include a section to<br>ensure any legal implications are fully analysed<br>when making decisions.  |
|  | In addition, many committees (in particular where<br>the Council is carrying out regulatory functions)<br>sit with a legal advisor.   |
| Dealing with breaches of legal and regulatory provisions effectively | Staff in enforcement roles are appropriately trained and (where necessary) professionally qualified in the relevant field.  |
|  | The Council has individual service enforcement<br>policies which set out how breaches are to be<br>investigated and enforced. The Council has also<br>adopted -a Corporate Enforcement Policy.  |
|  | - Investigations are carried out with the<br>assistance of legal advice where needed. Any<br>prospective prosecution is assessed in<br>accordance with the Code for Crown Prosecutors<br>and considered by a senior lawyer before a<br>decision is made.  |
|  | Enforcement staff are encouraged to work<br>closely with the Council's legal team to ensure<br>that the most effective use is made of the<br>enforcement powers available to the Council.   |
|  | In committees where the Council is carrying out<br>a regulatory function, the committee usually sits<br>with a legal advisor.   |
|  | The Council has appointed a Data Protection<br>Officer and Deputy Data Protection Officer, in<br>accordance with GDPR, to ensure that following<br>an internal investigation data breaches are<br>reported to the ICO where necessary. The posts<br>of Data Protection Officer and Deputy Data<br>Protection Officer are currently undertaken by the<br>Director of Central Services & Deputy Chief<br>Executive, and the Head of Legal & Democratic<br>Services. |
| Ensuring corruption and misuse of power are dealt with effectively   | The Council takes corruption and misuse of<br>power very seriously. The Council has an anti-<br>fraud and corruption strategy and a<br>whistleblowing policy in place.  |
|  | In addition, the Council has a Joint Standards<br>Committee and Code of Conduct for Members<br>which investigates complaints against members<br>(both at Borough and Parish level).   |

|   | The Council's Monitoring Officer and Deputy<br>Monitoring Officers are responsible for<br>ensuring that the Council acts in accordance<br>with the law.  |
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|   | All staff are required to confirm their<br>acceptance of all policies, including the anti-<br>fraud and corruption and whistleblowing<br>policies through netConsent. Such policies<br>are ultimately enforceable through<br>disciplinary measures.  |
|   | Internal audit also carry out programmed audits on matters such as corporate crime.  |
| 2. Ensuring openness and comprehensive s  | stakeholder engagement   |
| 2.1 Openness  |  |
| Ensuring an open culture through<br>demonstrating, documenting and<br>communicating the organization's<br>commitment to openness  | The Council follows both the mandatory and<br>(where cost effective) recommended provisions of<br>the Local Government Transparency Code for<br>publication of information held by the Council, and<br>has a detailed scheme of publication under the<br>Freedom of Information Act. In addition, in<br>relation to certain decisions made at officer level,<br>the Council has implemented the requirements of<br>the Openness in Local Government Regulations<br>2014. |
| Making decisions that are open about<br>actions, plans, resource use, forecasts,<br>outputs and outcomes. The presumption is<br>for openness. If that is not the case, a<br>justification for the reasoning for keeping a<br>decision confidential should be provided | The Council has an adopted and published<br>Corporate Strategy for 2020-2023 which sets out<br>the Council's vision for a 3-year period, which is<br>supplemented by a Corporate Strategy<br>Addendum, setting out the Council's strategy for<br>recovering from the effects of the Coronavirus<br>pandemic.   |
|   | Following the outcomes of the Peer Review<br>Challenge 2022 the Council <u>is due to</u> -review <u>ed</u> its<br>corporate priorities and <u>publish</u> a new Corporate<br>Strategy <u>in 2022for the period 2023-25 was</u><br><u>submitted to Full Council for approval in July</u><br><u>2023.</u>  |

|   | <ul> <li>The Council's Constitution sets out clearly the decision- making powers of:</li> <li>The Council</li> <li>The Cabinet (including the Executive Leader and delegated decision-making to the Cabinet Portfolio Holders),</li> <li>Other Council committees; and</li> <li>powers delegated to officers and the limits of such delegation</li> </ul>  |
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|   | The Overview and Scrutiny Committee and the<br>Scrutiny Select Committees are responsible for<br>reviewing and scrutinizing decisions made by and<br>performance of the cabinet, committees and<br>officers. Decisions made by cabinet, committee or<br>a cabinet member can be subjected to scrutiny<br>via a call-in procedure allowing challenge within<br>five working days of the decision being taken.<br>Feedback from the Overview and Scrutiny<br>Committee/ Scrutiny Select Committees, Cabinet,<br>and other Committees is taken into account and<br>given due consideration in the decision-making<br>process. |
|   | Forthcoming key decisions are published in<br>advance at regular intervals. All Member<br>meetings held by the Council are open to the<br>public, unless the items being discussed are<br>considered to be private under the Local<br>Government Act 1972; these may include staffing<br>and legal matters and those of a contractual<br>nature. Where such an exemption applies, it is<br>recorded in the relevant report and minute.   |
| Providing clear reasoning and evidence for<br>decisions in both public records and<br>explanations to stakeholders and being<br>explicit about the criteria, rationale and<br>considerations used. In due course,<br>ensuring that the impact and consequences<br>of those decisions are clear. | Reports to members set out all relevant<br>considerations in order to ensure that any<br>decision taken is rational and lawful. In<br>addition, reports of certain officer level<br>decisions are required to be published under<br>the Openness in Local Government<br>Regulations 2014.  |
| Using formal and informal consultation and<br>engagement to determine the most<br>appropriate and effective interventions/<br>courses of action.  | The Council carries out consultation where this is a legal requirement.  |
| 2.2. Engaging comprehensively with institut   | ional stakeholders   |
| Effectively engaging with institutional<br>stakeholders to ensure that the purpose,<br>objectives and intended outcomes for each<br>stakeholder relationship are clear so that  | The Council's Corporate Strategy 2020/23<br>outlines the means by which local stakeholders<br>(including institutional stakeholders) will be<br>engaged and how constructive, challenging<br>relationships will be built.  |

| automas are automatically achieved and   |   |
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| outcomes are successfully achieved and sustainably.  | The Council has Committees with cross-party representation to ensure effective and robust discussion of issues.   |
|  | The Council has a Parish Partnership Panel, the<br>Tonbridge Community Forum and a Joint<br>Transportation Board which ensure that the<br>Council can effectively engage with external<br>stakeholders, including institutional stakeholders<br>such as Parish Councils and the County Council.                     |
|  | The Council also has an Overview and Scrutiny<br>Committee and three Scrutiny Select Committees<br>to scrutinise decisions made (or which are due to<br>be made) by Cabinet, and which has the ability to<br>make recommendations (which could include<br>recommendations on stakeholder engagement) to<br>Cabinet. |
| Developing formal and informal partnerships<br>to allow for resources to be used more<br>efficiently and outcomes achieved more<br>effectively   | The Council seeks to utilise_Shared Service and<br>Joint Working arrangements which are intended<br>to share resources with neighbouring authorities<br>where these will improve efficiency and<br>economic sustainability.   |
|  | Outside of such formal arrangements, Council<br>officers have access to Kent-wide service groups<br>such as Kent Chief Executives and Kent Chief<br>Planners which allow for joint sharing of good<br>practice and knowhow.   |
| Ensuring that partnerships are built on trust,<br>a shared commitment to change, a culture<br>that promotes and accepts challenge among<br>partners and that the added value of<br>partnership working is explicit | The informal Kent-wide service groups enable<br>relationships to be built with other Kent<br>authorities such that as and when partnership<br>arrangements such as joint working are carried<br>out, they are based on each organisations<br>knowledge and trust of the other.                                      |
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| 2.3 Engaging with individual citizens and se  | rvices users effectively.  |
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| Establishing a clear policy on the type of<br>issues that the organization will meaningfully<br>consult with or involve communities,<br>individual citizens, service users and other<br>stakeholders to ensure that service (or<br>other) provision is contributing towards the<br>achievement of intended outcomes | The Council is clear that it is ultimately<br>accountable to the citizens of Tonbridge &<br>Malling. The Council has a good understanding<br>of who lives, works and plays in the borough<br>and has mechanisms to listen to and respond to<br>their needs, aspirations and concerns.              |
|   | website. When considering consultation<br>responses, the Council's decision considers the<br>merit of the responses being made, regardless of<br>the nature of the stakeholder group. The Council<br>carries out consultation when legally required to<br>do so.                                   |
|   | All reports and decisions include an equalities<br>impact assessment which takes into account<br>whether a decision would have a<br>disproportionate impact on a certain section of<br>society.  |
| Ensuring communication methods are<br>effective and that members and officers are<br>clear about their roles with regard to<br>community engagement   | All consultations are published on the Council's<br>website, and where legally required, are<br>advertised in a relevant newspaper.<br>The Council's constitution sets out the roles of<br>members, and (in particular) cabinet members<br>and their roles with regard to community<br>engagement. |
|   | Public-facing staff receive training relevant to<br>their roles to ensure that their community<br>engagement roles are clear.  |
| Encouraging, collecting and evaluating the<br>views and experiences of communities,<br>citizens, service users and organisations of<br>different backgrounds including reference to   | The Council has taken action to develop and<br>support effective engagement opportunities<br>with all groups of the local community:-  |
| future needs.   | <ul> <li>The Council engages with the Parishes<br/>and unparished areas through the<br/>Parish Partnership Panel and<br/>Tonbridge Community Forum</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>The Council promotes the TM Youth<br/>Forum that represents the views of<br/>young people living in Tonbridge and<br/>Malling</li> </ul>  |
|   | The Council supports the Tonbridge &<br>Malling Seniors' Forum (TAMS) which<br>promotes and the needs of the older<br>resident.     The Council activation uses  |
|   | The Council actively uses     complaints received to learn and   |

|   | <ul> <li>improve services, whether through the internal complaints system or via the Ombudsman.</li> <li>The Council operates a petition scheme whereby matters of significant local interest can be raised for discussion at full Council.</li> </ul>  |
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| Implementing effective feedback<br>mechanisms in order to demonstrate how<br>views have been taken into account.  | Consultation responses are reported upon to<br>the relevant decision making person or body<br>where that person or body has an opportunity<br>to consider feedback received and how best to<br>respond to such feedback.<br>The Council also has in place a complaints<br>procedure.  |
| Balancing feedback from more active<br>stakeholder groups with other stakeholder<br>groups to ensure inclusivity  | When considering consultation responses, the<br>Council's decision considers the merit of the<br>responses being made, regardless of the<br>nature of the stakeholder group.  |
| Taking account of the impact of decisions on future generations of tax payers and service users.  | All reports and decisions include an equalities<br>impact assessment which takes into account<br>whether a decision would have a<br>disproportionate impact on a certain section of<br>society. All reports also include a consideration<br>of the financial implications (both short and<br>long term) of matters which are being<br>recommended for a decision. |
| 3. Defining outcomes in terms of sustainal benefits.  | ble economic, social and environmental  |
| 3.1 Defining Outcomes   |   |
| Having a clear vision, which is a clear formal<br>statement of the organisation's purpose and<br>intended outcomes containing appropriate<br>performance indicators, which provide the<br>basis for the organisation's overall strategy<br>planning and other decisions | There is a clear statement of the organisation's purpose in the Tonbridge & Malling Borough Council Corporate Strategy 2020-232023-25. This document sets out the key priorities for the authority and how the Council will work with a range of partners and the local communities towards achieving the objectives.   |
| Specifying the intended impact on, or<br>changes for, stakeholders including citizens<br>and service users. It could be immediately or<br>over the course of a year or longer   | Committee reports all contain an assessment of<br>risk of the options being presented for a<br>decision. Additionally, the Audit Committee has a<br>role in scrutinizing corporate risk.  |
|   | Where any decision is recommended, reports<br>contain an analysis of the intended impact or<br>changes for stakeholders and the timescale on<br>which that is anticipated to happen. Decisions  |

| Delivering defined outcomes on a<br>sustainable basis within the resources that<br>will be available  | The Council's Medium Term Financial Strategy<br>covers both revenue and capital budgets, and it is<br>this strategy that underpins the budget setting<br>process for the forthcoming year and over the<br>strategy period. The aim of the MTFS is to give<br>us a realistic and sustainable plan that reflects<br>the Council's priorities and takes us into the<br>future. Alongside the MTFS sits a Savings and<br>Transformation Strategy. Its purpose, to provide<br>structure, focus and direction in addressing the<br>significant financial challenge that lies ahead. |
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| Identifying and managing risks to the achievement of outcomes   | The Council has arrangements in place to<br>effectively monitor and manage risks to its<br>business through the risk management strategy<br>and strategic and service risk registers.<br>Committee reports all contain an assessment of<br>risk of the options being presented for a<br>decision. Additionally, the Audit Committee has a<br>role in scrutinizing corporate risk.   |
| Managing service users' expectations<br>effectively with regard to determining<br>priorities and making the best use of the<br>available resources            | The Council is accountable to the citizens of<br>Tonbridge and Malling in delivering its duties and<br>responsibilities. The Council manages<br>relationships with partners and consults the<br>public through a number of mechanisms,<br>including regular reporting to members,<br>partnership arrangements (supported by<br>partnership agreements) and the provisions of<br>the Council's constitution.   |
| 3.2. Sustainable economic, social and envir   | onmental benefits.  |
| Considering and balancing the combined<br>economic, social and environmental impact<br>of policies and plans when taking decisions<br>about service provision | Value for money considerations are set out in all<br>committee reports, and the Council's external<br>auditors have consistently found that the Council<br>does give value for money. The social impact of<br>decisions is considered throughout the decision-<br>making process, including the carrying out of an<br>Equalities Impact Assessment where it is<br>considered that a recommendation may have a<br>disproportionate impact on a particular section of<br>society.   |
|   | <ul> <li>Where relevant, policies are subject to Strategic<br/>Environmental Impact Assessment prior to<br/>adoption.</li> <li>The Council -adopted a Climate Change<br/>strategy in 2020. The in-year action plans for<br/>2020/21, -and-21/22 and 22/23 were approved<br/>by the Council's executive. A further action plan<br/>for 22/23 is due to be adopted shortly. The in-</li> </ul>  |

|  | year action plans set out climate change targets<br>for the Council for that year along with<br>timetables for implementation.  |
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| Taking a longer-term view with regard to<br>decision making, taking account of risk and<br>acting transparently where there are<br>potential conflicts between the<br>organisation's intended outcomes and short-<br>term factors such as the political cycle or<br>financial constraints. | The Corporate Strategy, together with the<br>Medium Term Financial Strategy and supported<br>by the Savings and Transformation Strategy set<br>out the long term high level objectives of the<br>Council.   |
| Determining the wider public interest<br>associated with balancing conflicting<br>interests between achieving the various<br>economic, social and environmental<br>benefits, through consultation where<br>possible, in order to ensure appropriate<br>trade-offs                          | Council, Committee and advisory board reports<br>set out all relevant considerations to enable<br>members to make decisions which are<br>appropriate and lawful.  |
| Ensuring fair access to services   | The Council has an equalities policy which<br>seeks to ensure fair access to the Council's<br>services by all sections of society.  |
| outcomes   | y to optimize the achievement of the intended   |
| 4.1. Determining interventions.  |   |
| Ensuring decision makers receive objective<br>and rigorous analysis of a variety of options<br>indicating how intended outcomes would be<br>achieved and associated risks, therefore<br>ensuring best value is achieved however<br>services are provided.                                  | Decision making mechanisms are set out in<br>detail in the Council's constitution. Whether a<br>decision is at council, cabinet or committee<br>level it is informed by a report encompassing<br>advice from relevant services across the<br>Council. |
|  | Where relevant, alternative options are presented within committee reports, with an assessment of the benefits and disadvantages of those options.  |
|  | The Council's enforcement policies will inform a decision where legal or regulatory action is   |

| Considering feedback from citizens and<br>service users when making decisions about<br>service improvements or where services are<br>no longer required in order to prioritise<br>competing demands within limited resources<br>available including people, skills, land and<br>assets and bearing in mind future impacts | <ul> <li>an option and reports will detail the legal implications of such action.</li> <li>Where appropriate, the Council carries out consultation with stakeholders, which is taken into account in the decision–making process. Consultations are published on the Council's website, or where statutory rules apply to such consultation those rules are followed.</li> <li>In addition, the Council uses its complaints procedure to understand where services can be improved.</li> </ul>  |
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| 4.2 Planning Interventions  |   |
| Establishing and implementing robust<br>planning and control cycles that cover<br>strategic and operational plans, priorities<br>and targets  | Strategic and operational plans (such as the<br>Corporate Strategy) are reviewed on a<br>regular basis.   |
|   | Feedback from consultations is taken into account in the decision—making process and reported to the relevant committee, cabinet or Council meeting.  |
|   | The Savings & Transformation Strategy (STS)<br>has been prepared in order to support the<br>achievement of the Council's Medium-Term<br>Financial Strategy and direct resources in line<br>with the Council's Corporate Strategy. The<br>STS recognizes that there is no one simple<br>solution to addressing the financial challenges,<br>and that the Council needs to embrace<br>transformation in a multitude of ways in order<br>to deliver savings within an agreed timetable.<br>The STS sets out a measured structure and<br>framework for delivering the necessary savings<br>through a series of themes; each theme having<br>a deliverable target. |
| Engaging with internal and external<br>stakeholders in determining how services<br>and other courses of action should be<br>delivered   | The Corporate Strategy, medium term financial<br>strategy and other key policies are set by<br>cabinet or the Council following input from all<br>service directors and the Chief Executive.  |
| Considering and monitoring risks facing<br>each partner when working collaboratively,<br>including shared risks   | Reports on proposals for shared services<br>contain a risk assessment, and risks are<br>mitigated through the shared service<br>agreements.   |
| Ensuring arrangements are flexible and<br>agile so that mechanisms for delivering<br>goods and services can be adapted to<br>changing circumstances   | The Council has an internal procurement<br>officers' group which meets to consider the<br>Council's contracting arrangements.   |
|   | The Council's Contract Procedure Rules and<br>standard contract terms are reviewed regularly  |

|  | to ensure they are up to date with current best practice.   |
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| Establishing appropriate Key Performance<br>Indicators as part of the planning process in<br>order to identify how the performance of<br>services and projects is to be measured.  | Performance indicators are monitored within each service and reported to Management Team where appropriate.   |
| Ensuring capacity exists to generate the<br>information required to review service quality<br>regularly  | It is the responsibility of service directors and<br>Management Team to ensure sufficient<br>capacity exists.   |
| Preparing budgets in accordance with<br>objectives, strategies and the medium-term<br>financial plan   | The Council's Medium Term Financial<br>Strategy (MTFS) covers both revenue and<br>capital budgets, and it is this Strategy that<br>underpins the budget-setting process for the<br>forthcoming year and over the strategy<br>period.  |
|  | Budgetary control is undertaken on a<br>monthly basis by services, who report known<br>variations to Financial Services. These<br>variations along with detailed monitoring of<br>the Council's Salary Budget and Major<br>Income Streams are reported to the<br>Corporate Management Team and then onto<br>Members via the Finance, Innovation and<br>Property Advisory Board as part of the cycle<br>of Councils meetings programme.  |
| Informing medium and long-term resource<br>planning by drawing up realistic estimates<br>for revenue and capital expenditure aimed at<br>developing a sustainable funding strategy | The Council's Medium Term Financial<br>Strategy (MTFS) covers both revenue and<br>capital budgets, and it is this Strategy that<br>underpins the budget setting process for the<br>forthcoming year and over the strategy<br>period.  |
|  | The Strategy sets out the high level financial<br>objectives the Council wishes to fulfil over<br>the agreed time span. The Strategy also sets<br>out, based on current financial information,<br>not only the projected budgets for the period,<br>but also the levels of council tax that are<br>projected to be required to meet the<br>Council's spending plans.<br>The aim of the MTFS is to give us a realistic<br>and sustainable plan that reflects the<br>Council's priorities and takes us into the<br>future. Underneath the Strategy sits detailed<br>antimeters formulated in achieved in the strategy sits detailed |
|  | estimates formulated in conjunction with<br>Services taking into account past outturn,<br>current spending plans and likely future<br>demand levels / pressures. It is<br>acknowledged that circumstances will<br>change and for this reason the Strategy<br>needs to, and will, be kept under regular<br>review.   |
| 4.3 Optimising achievement of intended out   | comes   |

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| Ensuring the medium term financial strategy integrates and balances service priorities, affordability and other resource constraints  | The medium-term financial strategy is aligned<br>with the Corporate Strategy. Service priorities are<br>aligned to the Corporate Strategy.   |
| Ensuring the budgeting process is all-<br>inclusive, taking into account the full cost of<br>operations over the medium and longer term   | The budget monitoring process considers both revenue and capital budgets.  |
|   | Budget for the following financial year and longer<br>term financial planning through the MTFS takes<br>account of the impacts for service delivery<br>through potential changes in client base, housing<br>need and levels.   |
|   | The MTFS takes into account changes in<br>Government Funding where these are known.<br>Where these factors are unknown these are<br>judged by officers and shared and confirmed with   |
|   | Members.   |
| Ensuring the medium-term financial strategy<br>sets the context for ongoing decisions on<br>significant delivery issues or responses to<br>changes in the external environment that<br>may arise during the budgetary period in<br>order for outcomes to be achieved while<br>optimizing resource usage | In considering the preparation of the Budget for<br>the current and future financial years, Chief<br>Officers are asked to identify potential growth<br>issues and savings for future years that can be<br>assessed and included with the MTFS.<br>This may include changes in demand for<br>services, including the growth in property, and<br>proposed changes in fees and charges.  |
| Ensuring the achievement of "social value"<br>through service planning and commissioning  | The Council has a Social Value Policy<br>Statement. Whilst the issues of cost and<br>quality remain of key concern, the concept of<br>social value means that where appropriate, the<br>Council can seek to achieve added social<br>benefits in its procurement processes that may<br>otherwise not have been achieved by other<br>means.  |
| 5. Developing the entity's capacity, includin   | g the capability of its leadership and the   |
| individuals within it<br>5.1. Developing the entity's capacity  |  |
| Improving resource use through appropriate<br>application of techniques such as<br>benchmarking and other options to<br>determine how resources are allocated so<br>that defined outcomes are achieved<br>effectively and efficiently   | <ul> <li>The Council works towards improving value for money through:</li> <li>Exploration of innovative ways of working including potential for jointworking and shared services</li> <li>Robust budgeting and financial monitoring arrangements including detailed reviews of budgets and potential savings opportunities</li> <li>Internal and external audit</li> <li>Publication of annual budget and accounts information</li> </ul> |

| Recognizing the benefits of partnerships and collaborative working where added value can be achieved  | The Council works in partnerships with<br>other authorities in Kent. A commitment to<br>working in partnership is one of the<br>Council's stated Corporate Objectives.   |
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| Developing and maintaining an effective<br>workforce plan to enhance the strategic<br>allocation of resources   | The Council has an extensive training<br>programme for council officers including<br>mandatory and voluntary training.   |
|   | <ul> <li>The Council actively engages with its staff through:</li> <li>Team meetings</li> <li>Regular performance management meetings</li> <li>The Joint Employee Consultative Committee</li> </ul>                  |
|   | The HR Strategy incorporates the Council's<br>Workforce Development Plan which is <u>due to</u><br><u>bewas</u> reviewed and updated in light of<br>recommendations made following the Peer<br>Review Challenge 2022 |
|   | The Council's digital strategy seeks to develop solutions which will increase the efficiency of the Council's resources.   |
| 5.2. Developing the capability of the entity's  | leadership and other individuals.  |
| Developing protocols to ensure that elected<br>and appointed leaders negotiate with each<br>other regarding their respective roles early<br>on in the relationship and that a shared<br>understanding of roles and objectives is<br>maintained  | The Council examines the capability of its<br>people with governance responsibilities<br>through appraisals, identifying any training<br>gaps – the relevant training programmes are<br>updated accordingly.         |
|   | The Cabinet and Overview and Scrutiny<br>Committee have development a Cabinet/<br>Scrutiny protocol which sets out their<br>respective roles.  |
| Publishing a statement that specifies the types of decisions that are delegated and those reserved for the collective decision making of the governing body   | The Council's constitution sets out clearly the decision-making powers of the Council and its bodies and officers.   |
| Ensuring the leader and the chief executive<br>have clearly defined and distinctive<br>leadership roles within a structure whereby<br>the chief executive leads in implementing<br>strategy and managing the delivery of<br>services and other outputs set by members<br>and each provides a check and a balance<br>for the other's authority | the roles of the Leader of the Council and<br>Chief Executive are clearly defined in the<br>Council's Constitution.  |

| Developing the capabilities of members and<br>senior management to achieve effective<br>leadership and to enable the organization to<br>respond successfully to changing legal and<br>policy demands as well as economic,<br>political and environmental changes and<br>risks. | <ul> <li>The Council has a training programme for<br/>Members and holds regular training sessions<br/>(both on a programmed and ad hoc basis) for<br/>Members on a variety of topics:</li> <li>Induction training for all new members</li> <li>Service-specific training, e.g. Community<br/>Safety</li> <li>Committee-specific training, e.g. Audit<br/>Committee, Planning Committee</li> </ul>  |
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| Ensuring that there are structures in place to encourage public participation  | Consultations are published on the<br>Council's websites. In relation to decisions<br>taken by the Council on planning matters,<br>and certain matters under the Licensing Act<br>2003, members of the public are able to<br>make both written and oral representations<br>to the committee. The Council also operates<br>a petition scheme.   |
| Holding staff to account through regular<br>performance reviews which take account of<br>training or development needs   | Staff have access to appropriate induction<br>training, and ongoing training on both an ad<br>hoc and programmed basis relevant to their<br>roles.<br>The annual appraisal process reviews staff<br>performance and also identifies training<br>needs.<br>Staff training takes place both through<br>internal and external provision as<br>appropriate.  |
| Ensuring arrangements are in place to<br>maintain the health and wellbeing of the<br>workforce and support individuals in<br>maintaining their own physical and mental<br>wellbeing  | The council has a Health and Wellbeing<br>statement of intent recognizing that the<br>Council's staff are its most valuable asset.<br>The HR Strategy also recognizes the same.<br>The Council has a Joint Employee<br>Consultative Committee which enables<br>employees to raise matters of concern,<br>including health and wellbeing.   |
| 6. Managing risks and performance throug<br>financial management   | h robust internal control and strong public  |
| 6.1. Managing risk   |  |
| Recognizing that risk management is an<br>integral part of all activities and must be<br>considered in all aspects of decision making  | Risk management practices are embedded within<br>the organisation through the annual service and<br>strategic planning processes, which is used to<br>develop the Council's vision and objectives. This<br>ensures that risks to the achievement of the<br>Council's objectives are identified and managed<br>appropriately. Risks identified are scored on the<br>basis of their likelihood and impact and existing<br>controls and required actions to further mitigate<br>risks are captured in risk registers. The |

|  | framework sets out the responsibility of Officers<br>leading on areas with partnership arrangements<br>to ensure that the partner has an adequate risk<br>management strategy and sufficient insurance<br>cover to protect the interests of the Council.  |
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| Implementing robust and integrated risk management arrangements and ensuring that they are working effectively   | <ul> <li>The Council has arrangements in place to effectively monitor and manage risks to its business through the:</li> <li>Risk Management Strategy</li> <li>Strategic Risk Register</li> <li>Service Risk Registers</li> <li>Audit Committee role in scrutinising corporate risk</li> <li>Consideration of risk in all Committee reports</li> <li>Annual Governance Statement</li> <li>The strategic and service risk registers are updated regularly.</li> <li>Risks associated with decisions are set out on relevant committee, cabinet or council reports.</li> <li>The Council's standard report template requires Officers and Members to carry out a risk assessment of the action recommended in the report ensuring risk is considered in all decisionmaking of the authority. This assessment also covers legal, financial and value for money considerations and equality issues where relevant.</li> </ul> |
| Ensuring that responsibilities for managing individual risks are clearly allocated.  | The service risk registers clearly identify responsibilities for managing individual risks.   |
| 6.2. Managing performance.   |   |
| Making decisions based on relevant, clear<br>and objective analysis and advice pointing<br>out the implications and risks inherent in the<br>organisation's financial, social and<br>environmental position and outlook  | The performance of the Council and its partners<br>in achieving its objectives is monitored and<br>measured by services and their respective<br>Service Management Teams and subsequently<br>Management Team and Members. Individual<br>services are accountable to the Corporate<br>Management Team for operational performance<br>monitoring and measurement and are<br>responsible for taking action to correct any<br>adverse performance, in the first instance, as<br>appropriate.  |
| Ensuring an effective scrutiny or oversight<br>function is in place which provides<br>constructive challenge and debate on<br>policies and objectives before, during and<br>after decisions are made thereby enhancing<br>the organisation's performance and that of | The overview and scrutiny committee and the<br>three Scrutiny Select Committees ("SSCs") are<br>responsible for reviewing and scrutinizing the<br>decisions made (or due to be made) by cabinet<br>members and by Cabinet collectively.   |

| any organization for which it is responsible<br>(or for a committee system) encouraging<br>effective and constructive challenge and<br>debate on policies and objectives to support<br>balanced and effective decision making | The Overview and Scrutiny Committee and<br>SSCs are also responsible for reviewing the<br>performance of the Cabinet, Cabinet members,<br>Committees_ and Council Officers.<br>Decisions made by Cabinet, a Committee or by<br>a Cabinet Member can be subjected to scrutiny<br>via a call-in procedure allowing challenge within<br>5 working days of the decision being taken. |
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| Providing members and senior management<br>with regular reports on service delivery plans<br>and on progress towards outcome<br>achievement   | The Council has in place committees & boards<br>with cross-party representation to ensure<br>effective and robust discussion of issues.<br>Relevant boards, committees and the executive<br>are provided with information reports on a<br>regular basis to provide progress reports on<br>service delivery and outcomes.   |
| Ensuring there is consistency between<br>specification stages (such as budgets) and<br>post-implementation reporting (e.g. financial<br>statements)   | The medium-term financial strategy is aligned<br>with the Corporate Strategy. Service priorities<br>are aligned to the Corporate Strategy, which<br>ensures consistency between budget-setting<br>and service delivery.  |
|   | Capital schemes are subject to evaluation prior<br>to the approval for implementation; the criteria<br>of the evaluations are set by Council.  |
|   | Following the scheme's completion a post<br>implementation review will be prepared and<br>shared with members in order to determine the<br>accuracy of the initial evaluation and identify<br>lessons to be learned and considered in future<br>evaluations.   |
| 6.3 Robust internal control   |  |
| Ensuring effective counter-fraud and anti-<br>corruption measures are in place  | The Council has an effective Internal Audit<br>service and Anti-Fraud service in place. The<br>Council also has an Anti-Fraud and Corruption<br>Policy and Whistleblowing Policy.  |
| Ensuring additional assurance on the overall<br>adequacy and effectiveness of the<br>framework of governance, risk management<br>and control is provided by the internal<br>auditor   | The Council has in place arrangements to<br>effectively monitor and manage risks to its<br>business through the:<br>• Risk management strategy   |

|   | <ul> <li>Strategic risk register</li> <li>Service risk registers</li> </ul>   |
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| Establishing an audit committee or<br>equivalent group/function which is<br>independent of the executive and<br>accountable to the governing body               | The core functions of an audit committee as<br>defined by <i>CIPFA's Audit Committees: Practical</i><br><i>Guidance for Local Authorities</i> are fulfilled by the<br>Council's Audit Committee. The Council's<br>Constitution sets out the responsibility of the<br>Audit Committee to provide independent<br>assurance of the adequacy of the risk<br>management framework and associated control<br>environment. To do so, the Audit Committee has<br>adopted a Risk Management Strategy that sets<br>out the roles of Officers and Members in the<br>identification and minimisation of risk. The Risk<br>Register is a standing item at every Audit<br>Committee meeting   |
| 6.4 Managing Data   |   |
| Ensuring effective arrangements are in<br>place for the safe collection, storage, use<br>and sharing of data, including processes to<br>safeguard personal data | <ul> <li>The Council maintains a number of local policies which support and embed information processes. These include <ul> <li>Data Protection policy</li> <li>Information Security policy</li> <li>Data Retention policy</li> <li>Use of removable media policy</li> <li>Remote access policy</li> <li>Social media policy</li> <li>Information Asset register</li> <li>Information Governance Policy</li> </ul> </li> <li>The Council has a Data Protection Officer, appointed in accordance with GDPR, with overall responsibility for ensuring the Council follows proper data protection practices. The DPO chairs the Council's Information Governance Group ("IGG") which meets regularly to discuss data protection and related matters within the Council, including data breaches.</li> <li>Individual services have representatives appointed to sit on the IGG and feed back into their services to raise and maintain awareness of the requirements of GDPR.</li> </ul> |
| Ensuring effective arrangements are in<br>place and operating effectively when sharing<br>data with other bodies  | The Council is a signatory to the Kent & Medway<br>Information Sharing Agreement, which prescribes<br>the procedures that are to be followed when<br>sharing data with other public sector bodies in<br>Kent. The Data Protection Officer, or his<br>appointed Deputy, attend the Kent & Medway<br>Information Sharing Partnership, which seeks to<br>share best practice under GDPR across all Kent<br>authorities.  |

| Reviewing and auditing regularly the quality<br>and accuracy of data used in decision<br>making and performance monitoring  | An annual risk-based Internal Audit Plan is<br>prepared to determine the priorities of the internal<br>audit activity, consistent with the organisation's<br>goals. The Plan aims to ensure that sufficient<br>audit assurance work is carried out to enable the<br>Chief Audit Executive to deliver an opinion<br>regarding the adequacy and effectiveness of the<br>internal control arrangements within the<br>Council. Each audit review will cover data quality<br>and accuracy relevant to the subject area. |
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| 6.5 Strong public financial management  |  |
| Ensuring financial management supports<br>both long-term achievement of outcomes<br>and short-term financial and operational<br>performance   | The Council's Financial Procedure Rules support<br>the provision of high quality financial advice. The<br>Council also acts in consultation with<br>stakeholders. The Council's Internal Audit Service<br>provides assurance on the quality of financial and<br>performance data reported.   |
|   | The ongoing budget-setting and monitoring<br>process together with the Medium Term Financial<br>Strategy supports the long-term achievement of<br>outcomes and short-term financial and<br>operational performance.  |
| Ensuring well-developed financial<br>management is integrated at all levels of<br>planning and control, including management<br>of financial risks and controls   | Annual budgets are set with involvement from<br>budget holders across all council services. The<br>MTFS is set considering longer-term risks.  |
| 7. Implementing good practices in transpar<br>accountability  | ency, reporting, and audit to deliver effective  |
| 7.1 Implementing good practice in transpare   | ency   |
| Writing and communicating reports for the<br>public and other stakeholders in a fair,<br>balanced and understandable style<br>appropriate to the intended audience and<br>ensuring that they are easy to access and<br>interrogate. | The Council has implemented the<br>mandatory and (where cost effective)<br>recommended principles set out in the<br>Local Government Transparency Code. The<br>Council has set up a steering group which<br>meets to discuss changes to the code and<br>its ongoing implementation.<br>Reports for both historic and prospective   |
|   | meetings of the Council and its committees<br>and boards are made available to the public<br>through the Council's website.<br>Where possible, reports are written in a<br>public-facing and non-technical manner. All   |
|   | reports (save those which are exempt from<br>publication for reasons set out in the Local<br>Government Act 1972) are made public and<br>can be accessed through the Council's<br>website.   |

| Striking a balance between providing the<br>right amount of information to satisfy<br>transparency demands and enhance public<br>scrutiny while not being too onerous to<br>provide and for users to understand   | Where possible, reports are written in a<br>public-facing and non-technical manner. All<br>reports (save those which are exempt as<br>discussed above) are made public and can<br>be accessed through the Council's website.   |
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| 7.2 Implementing good practice in reporting   |  |
| Reporting at least annually on performance,<br>value for money and stewardship of<br>resources to stakeholders in a timely and  | Annual Statement of Accounts report the<br>Council's financial performance against the<br>original estimate set for that financial year.   |
| understandable way  | The statement is prepared in accordance<br>with the CIPFA Code for Local Authority<br>Accounting.  |
|   | Included within the financial statements will<br>be a judgement from the Council's external<br>auditors on value for money and adequate<br>use of resources.   |
|   | Included within the financial statements is<br>the Annual Governance Statement. This is<br>approved by Members and signed by the<br>Chief Executive and Leader of the Council<br>and provides evidence on the Council's<br>adherence to the Code of Corporate<br>Governance. |
| Ensuring members and senior management own the results reported   | The Annual Governance Statement is<br>approved by the leader and Chief Executive,<br>and the financial statements are considered<br>and approved by Management Team and the<br>Audit Committee.  |
| Ensuring robust arrangements for assessing<br>the extent to which the principles contained<br>in the framework have been applied and<br>publishing the results on this assessment,<br>including an action plan for improvement<br>and evidence to demonstrate good<br>governance (the annual governance<br>statement) | Compliance is reviewed on an annual basis<br>and reported to Audit Committee.  |
| Ensuring that the framework is applied to jointly managed or shared service organisations as appropriate  | Where appropriate, the principles will be applied to jointly managed or shared services.   |
| Ensuring that performance information that<br>accompanies the financial statements is<br>prepared on a consistent and timely basis<br>and the statements allow for comparisons<br>with other, similar, organisations.   | Performance information is included as part of the budget-setting process.   |
| 7.3 Assurance and effective accountability  | 1  |
| Ensuring that recommendations for corrective action made by external audit are acted upon   | Responsibility for acting upon<br>recommendations from external audit rests<br>with the relevant service, and is monitored   |

|  | through individual service management teams and the corporate management team.  |
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| Ensuring an effective internal audit service<br>with direct access to members is in place,<br>providing assurance with regard to<br>governance arrangements and that<br>recommendations are acted upon | The Council has an effective internal audit service, and an Audit Committee.  |
| Welcoming peer challenge, reviews and<br>inspections from regulatory bodies and<br>implementing recommendations  | The Council takes an active part in Peer<br>Reviews, the most recent being the LGA<br>Peer Review Challenge 2022. The Council is<br>in the process of has implementinged the<br>majority of recommendations arising from<br>that exercise, with the remaining<br>recommendations in progress. |
| Gaining assurance on risks associated with<br>delivering services through third parties and<br>that this is evidenced in the annual<br>governance statement  | Risks are picked up through the contract<br>monitoring process and reported through Audit<br>Committee. Service delivery and performance<br>can be scrutinised through Overview and<br>Scrutiny Committee or the relevant Scrutiny<br>Select Committee  |
| Ensuring that when working in partnership,<br>arrangements for accountability are clear<br>and the need for wider public accountability<br>has been recognized and met                                 | Such arrangements are subject to public<br>reports to each authority in the partnership.<br>The Contracts Procedure Rules also ensure<br>that standard contract terms are imposed<br>ensuring proper accountability.  |